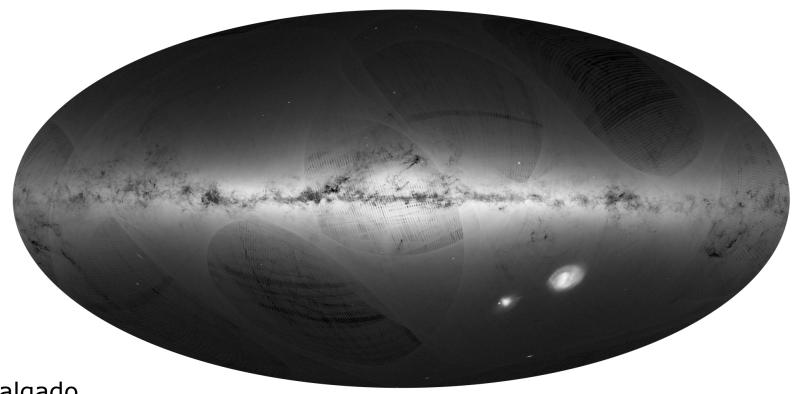
Gaia Archive for Data Release 2: Access to Time Series





J. Salgado

J. González-Núñez, R. Gutiérrez-Sánchez, J.C. Segovia, J. Durán, A.Mora, B. Merín, C. Arviset 24/10/2017



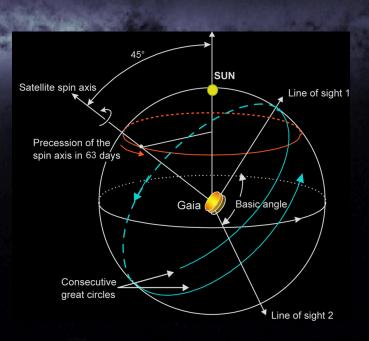




Gaia operations



- Gaia in routine operations since July 2014
- Scanning operations with observing strategy of continuous measuring
- Dead-time: orbit maintenance, micrometeoroids, decontaminations, ground station weather
- Nominal 5-year mission ends mid-2019
- Estimated end of mission due to cold gas exhaustion end-2023 (±1year)





April 2018

- Five-parameter astrometric solutions for all sources with acceptable formal standard errors (>10⁹ anticipated), and positions (a, δ) for sources for which parallaxes and proper motions cannot be derived.
- G and integrated GBP and GRP photometric fluxes and magnitudes for all sources
- Median radial velocities for sources brighter than GRVS=12 mag
- For stars brighter than G=17 mag estimates of the effective temperature and, where possible, line-of-sight extinction will be provided, based on the above photometric data
- Photometric data for a sample of variable stars
- Epoch astrometry for a pre-selected list of >10,000 asteroids











DR2 (~2018):

5 parameter astrometric solutions ~109 sources

DR3 (mid to late 2020):

BP/RP/RVS spectra

DR5 (~2022):

All epoch and transit data for all sources









(Mid 2017)	Volume
Size	~200 TB
Size (estimation 5-year ext.)	1.4 PB
Number of objects (sources, transits)	1000 billion
Number of objects (est. 5-year ext.)	6000 billion







Archive content @ DR1



Gaia

• Gaia DR1 catalogue 1.1x10⁹ rows • TGAS 2.0x10⁶ rows

External Catalogues

Hipparcos & Hipparcos new red. 1.2×10^6 rows • IGSL (Initial Gaia Source List) 1.2×10^9 rows • 2MASS 4.7×10^{8} rows • Tycho2 2.5×10^{6} rows • UCAC4 1.1×10^{8} rows Hubble Source Catalogue v1.0 2.9×10^{7} rows

Crossmatches

• Crossmatch tables between Hipparcos, 2MASS, Tycho2... and Gaia expressed as neighbourhood and best neighbour, e.g:

• AllWise-Gaia neighbourhood

3.1x10⁸

rows



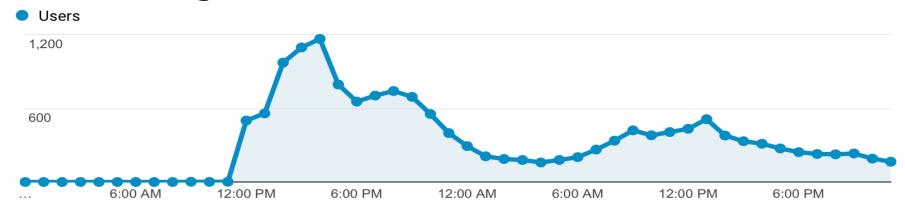




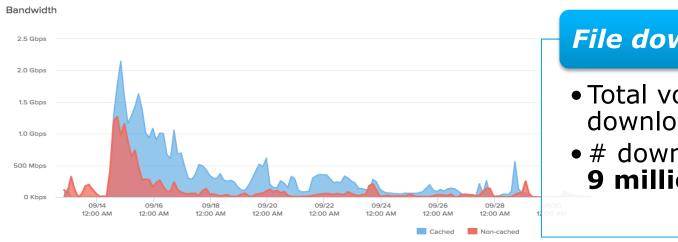
Ops for Gaia DR1



Archive UI usage: First 24 hours



File CDN download: First 15 days



File download

- Total volume downloaded: 73 TB
- # download requests: 9 millions

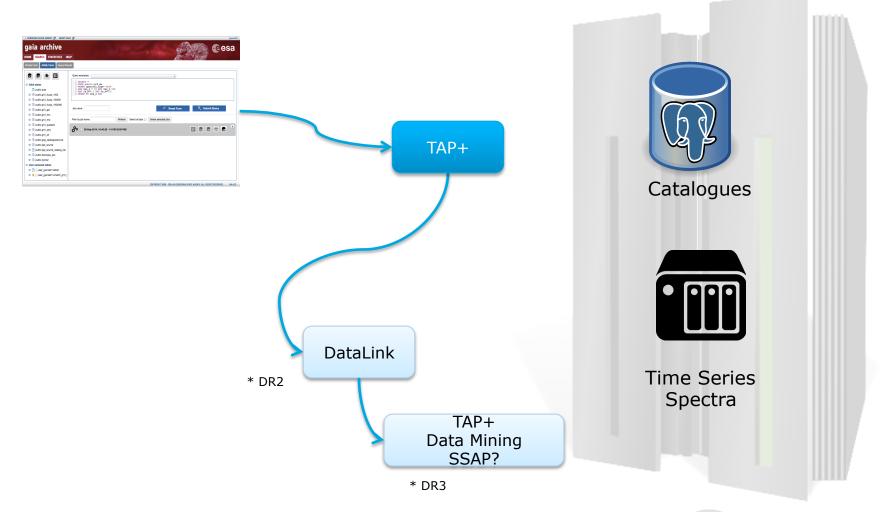






DataLink/SSAP int. with TAP+





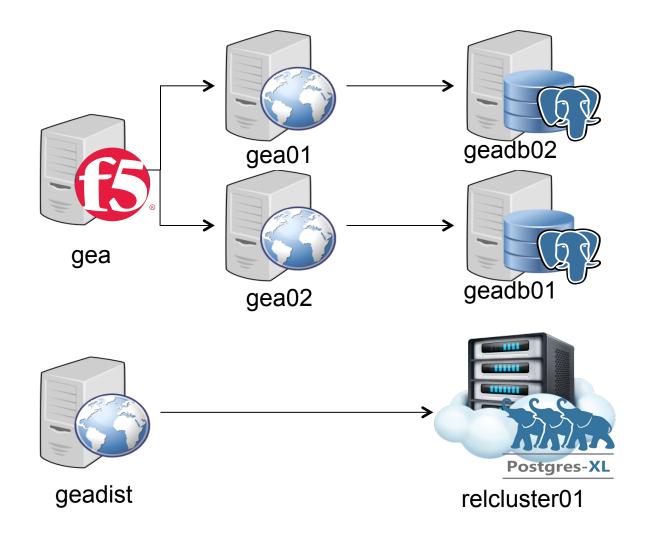






DR2 Architecture











DataLink in UI



rength_k1	scan_direction_strength_k2	scan_direction_strength_k3	scan_direction_strength_k4	solution_id	source_id	access_url	epoch_photometry
	0.6618591	0.9311092	0.5040036	1635655487712133120	2745170132975985280	□ Datalink	
	1	1	1	1635655487712133120	3631112484733690880	→ Datalink	
	1	1	1	1635655487712133120	5958736269568260992	□ Datalink	
	0.46685013	0.48544493	0.90699345	1635655487712133120	4102394882451939328	→ Datalink	
	1	1	1	1635655487712133120	4265328383883268224	→ Datalink	Open link
	0.17035252	0.49307513	0.91825473	1635655487712133120	4081668950814014848	Datalink	Open link
	0.67557305	0.9733705	0.36128184	1635655487712133120	5872417975329082880	→ Datalink	
	0.54799855	0.56486565	0.763219	1635655487712133120	3085246365030241152	→ Datalink	Open link
	0.7591276	0.48959264	0.18620124	1635655487712133120	4586542493902615936	→ Datalink	Open link
	1	1	1	1635655487712133120	168240023674627968	→ Datalink	
	0.36942342	0.5841497	0.88677555	1635655487712133120	4102436079781587584	→ Datalink	
	0.51372313	0.023877695	0.47217703	1635655487712133120	5877527199762893568	→ Datalink	Open link
	0.76711327	0.45930234	0.6195379	1635655487712133120	260224891577522560	□ Datalink	
	0.20396036	0.3596186	0.43628216	1635655487712133120	5875352949859083776	□ Datalink	
	0.29051554	0.2945069	0.94581664	1635655487712133120	3425066720108469888	□ Datalink	Open link
	0.18453127	0.15257531	0.22539945	1635655487712133120	5206075716572505344		
	0.41418886	0.46120533	0.7954249	1635655487712133120	3776911604932087296		
	1	1	1	1635655487712133120	3983882887765462784	□ Datalink	Open link
	0.09667761	0.26300278	0.81443006	1635655487712133120	971228415004375808	□ Datalink	Open link
	n 25202078	0.5054329	n 90796155	1635655487712133120	A05283AA08001303702	□ Datalink	□ Onen link







Time Series Serialization



- No format decided for Time Series Serialization
- Format proposed from ESDC to Gaia Consortium in line with ongoing note Time Series Cube DM (Jiri Nadvornik et al)
- > Problems:
 - No agreement in how to make reference to DMs
 - VO/DML?
 - Quite preliminary note
 - When characterization metadata is added it could be very verbose
 - Supported by applications?









Time Series Serialization (II)



```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<VOTABLE version="1.1"
   xmlns="http://www.ivoa.net/xml/V0Table/v1.1"
   xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
   <DESCRIPTION>This is the calibrated FoV transit photometry from CU5. All instrumental effects should have been calibrated out and all transits should be on the same photometric
       system. This table is complemented by the FinalCalPhotFovTransit table which extends this, including additional CCD-level epoch photometry for all FoV transits whose sources
       show a high noise level. Transits that are selected to appear in the FinalCalPhotFovTransit table will not appear in the CalPhotFovTransit table. </DESCRIPTION>
   <PARAM arraysize="*" datatype="long" name="sourceId" ucd="meta.id;meta.main" value="2745170132975985280"/>
   <PARAM arraysize="*" datatype="long" name="solutionId" ucd="meta.version" value=""/>
   <PARAM arraysize="*" datatype="short" name="nTransits" ucd="meta.number" value="0"/>
   <RESOURCE>
       <TABLE>
            <DESCRIPTION>Transit Time Serie/DESCRIPTION>
            <GROUP name="ndcube:TimeSeriesCube">
                <GROUP name="independent axes">
                   <GROUP name="dateTimeAxis">
                       <FIELDref ref="transitTime"/>
                    <GROUP name="spectralAxis">
                       <FIELDref ref="bandName"/>
                   </GROUP>
               </GROUP>
               <GROUP name="dependent axes">
                   <GROUP name="fluxAxis">
                       <FIELDref ref="transitFlux"/>
                   <GROUP name="magnitudeAxis">
                       <FIELDref ref="transitMag"/>
                   </GROUP>
               </GROUP>
            <FIELD ID="bandName" datatype="char" name="bandName" ucd="instr.bandpass" utype="ssa:DataID.Bandpass"/>
            <FIELD ID="waveLength" datatype="double" name="Wavelength" ucd="em.wl.effective" unit="Angstrom" utype="photdm:PhotometryFilter.SpectralAxis.Coverage.Location.value"/>
            <FIELD ID="transCurveWavelengthMin" datatype="double" name="transCurveWavelengthMin" ucd="em.wl;stat.min" unit="Angstrom" utype="photdm:
               PhotometryFilter.SpectralAxis.Coverage.Bounds.start"/>
            <FIELD ID="transCurveWavelengthMax" datatype="double" name="transCurveWavelengthMax" ucd="em.wl;stat.max" unit="Angstrom" utype="photdm:
               PhotometryFilter.SpectralAxis.Coverage.Bounds.stop"/>
            <FIELD ID="transCurve" arraysize="*" datatype="char" name="transCurve" ucd="DATA LINK" utype="photDM:PhotometryFilter.transmissionCurve.access.reference"/>
            <FIELD ID="transitId" datatype="long" name="transitId" ucd="meta.id" unit="" utype="">
               <DESCRIPTION>Transit Identifier</DESCRIPTION>
            </FIELD>
            <FIELD ID="transitTime" datatype="double" name="transitTime" ucd="VOX:Image MJDateObs" unit="d" utype="spec:Spectrum.Data.TimeAxis.Value">
               <DESCRIPTION>Field-of-view transit averaged observation time in units of Barycentric JD (in TCB) in days - 2 455 197.5, computed as follows. First the observation time
                    is converted from On-board Mission Time (OBMT) into Julian date in TCB (Temps Coordonnee Barycentrique). Next a correction is applied for the light-travel time to
                   the Solar system barycentre, resulting in Barycentric Julian Date (BJD). Finally, an offset of 2 455 197.5 days is applied (corresponding to a reference time T0 at
                   2010-01-01T00:00:00) to have a conveniently small numerical value. Although the centroiding time accuracy of the individual CCD observations is (much) below 1 ms,
                   this per-FoV observation time is averaged over typically 9 CCD observations taken in a time range of about 44 sec.</DESCRIPTION>
            </FIELD>
            <FIELD ID="transitFlux" datatype="float" name="transitFlux" ucd="em.opt;phot.flux;stat.mean" unit="e-/s" utype="spec:Spectrum.Data.SpectralAxis.Value">
               <DESCRIPTION>The average G flux value for the FoV transit. The calculation only uses accepted transits. This could include SM and AF fluxes./DESCRIPTION>
            <FIELD ID="transitFluxError" datatype="float" name="transitFluxError" ucd="em.opt.B:phot.flux:stat.error" unit="e-/s">
                <DESCRIPTION>The error on the mean G Flux.
           </FIELD>
            <FIELD ID="transitMag" datatype="float" name="transitMag" ucd="phot.mag" unit="mag">
                <DESCRIPTION>G-band mean magnitude for the field-of-view transit, computed from the fluxGFov field using magnitude zero-point defined in ExtPhotZeroPoint.
            </FIELD>
            <FIELD ID="photometryFlagNoiseData" datatype="boolean" name="photometryFlagNoiseData" ucd="meta.code.status" unit="">
```

<DESCRIPTION>G band flux scatter larger than expected by photometry processing (all CCDs considered).

Time Series Summary



- Independent Axes
 - a. Time (several times depending on magnitude but aggregated in one column)
 - b. Spectral Coordinate (depending on Consortium decision)
 - c. Possibly Source identifier
- Dependent Axes
 - a. Flux
 - b. Magnitude
 - c. Errors
- 3. Other possible metadata
 - Band characterization







Connection to Data Models



- No general data model for IVOA Time Series
- Fluxes are in e-/s. It would be better to have measurements in physical units that could be compared easily with other catalogues.
- Magnitude zero points: Zero Points provided by the consortium are corrections from the instrumental response
 - Proposed to connect to Filter Profile Service, Transmission curves and Vega zero points calculated by SVO
 - GAIA BP 3478.8 Jy
 - GAIA G 2861.3 Jy
 - GAIA0 RP 2461.2 Jy
 - SVO has been requested to provide zero points in erg/cm²/s/A
- Also, connections to SpectralDM
- Source DM?

But..... VO/DML? Utypes mapping?









Gaia DM Array based



Adaptation of Gaia TAP+ to support arrays:

- SELECT get_double_array_element('{{1.0,2.6},{0.8,0.1}}','[1][2]') from public.dual
 - Different function names for different data types
 - "Not nice" second argument

Possible evolution:

- SELECT get_array_element('{{1.0,2.6},{0.8,0.1}}',1,2) from public.dual
 - Type casting can be done at function level (possible loose of control of the casting)
 - Currently, only function overload can be limited to only 2 new arguments but it does not look very scalable
- Also,... Gaia DM is quite based on arrays for epoch data (one array for times and other for magnitude/fluxes)
 - Correspondence is done by array element order
 - Probably, not very optimal for data mining







Conclusions



- Epoch data is arriving for quite important missions
- Not clear VO format for, e.g., Time Series
- Some important aspects on VO compatibility should be addressed fast:
 - VO time series serialization
 - Approaches to consume these data through VO protocols (e.g. Time Series Access and/or ADQL/TAP evolution)
 - Agreed mapping of complex data models (VO/DML mapping?)
 - Relevant data models
- Promote notes or endorse formats/protocols could be a solution but normal speed of standardization needs a boost in this case







Questions?









