

VO-DML Extensions

Paul Harrison (JBO)
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Introduction

- VO-DML Tooling update introduced in previous Interop talks now quite mature.
 - Refined by the needs of ProposalDM, the generated code for which is used as the serialisation basis for Polaris, a proposal submission toolkit.
 - Has already introduced some extensions to VO-DML that have not yet been included in the standard document.
- This talk
 - Updates on the VO-DML tooling (since Bologna)
 - Suggestions for VO-DML 1.1 WD
 - Thoughts on the modularity of existing DMs.

VO-DML Tooling Updates

- ✦ Significant updates since a year ago (v0.3.19) when last reported - now v0.5.1
 - ✦ Tools documentation
 - ✦ Improved generated model documentation
 - ✦ Contained references support in Java.
 - ✦ XML and JSON schema generation.

Tool Documentation

✦ <https://ivoa.github.io/vo-dml/>

A screenshot of a web browser displaying the 'VO-DML Tools Guide' website. The browser's address bar shows 'ivoa.github.io/vo-dml/'. The website has a blue header with a search bar and navigation links: 'Home', 'Getting Started', 'Derived Products', 'Writing Models', and 'Model Design'. The main content area is titled 'Introduction' and contains the following text:

VO-DML is defined formally in an [IVOA Standard](#), however, this guide is intended to offer practical assistance to those who want to use VO-DML to create data models, and then create code that can serialize those models to various formats.

The purpose of writing data models is two-fold

- It defines concepts for a particular domain in an abstract way that provides a common discourse about meanings within that domain.
- It provides a machine-readable representation that can be transformed in various ways that allow instances of the model to be transported, stored and queried.

[Start Modelling](#)

At the bottom of the page, it says 'Made with Material for MkDocs'.

Model Site Documentation

e.g. ProposalDM



abstract objectType Observation

```
graph TD
    TargetObservation --> Observation
    CalibrationObservation --> Observation
    Observation -- target --> Target
    Observation -- field --> Field
    Observation -- technicalGoal --> TechnicalGoal
    Observation -- constraints --> ObservingConstraint
```

name	type	mult	description
constraints	ObservingConstraint	0 or more	any constraints on the observation
target	Target		The actual target of the observation
field	Field		The Field for the observation
technicalGoal	TechnicalGoal		The technical goals of the observation

- ✦ individual pages for each model element
- ✦ neighbourhood diagram
- ✦ uses mkdocs

VO-DML 1.1 WD

- Backwards compatible extensions (as required)
 - already tested in deployed tools plugin
- Managed via GitHub milestones with PR for each feature
- Main update for 1.1 on the 20-update-vo-dml-standard-document branch
- Original 1.0 REC was written in Word - the 1.1 WD is in markdown (via an automated conversion with pandoc)
 - might even produce yet another publishing option via pandoc

VODML-ID syntax made normative

- In the VO-DML meta-model XML schema VODML-ID is simply a string, rather than an ID/IDREF structure, so having arbitrary form would be potentially problematic as there would be no validation via the schema - although the standard says that they should be unique.
 - Data models that were created via the original tooling have the (proposed) normative form anyway as the UML to VO-DML conversion generated such elements.
- Originally the textual syntax of the VODML-ID for each model element was only specified in an appendix - moved to main body to become normative
 - essentially the VODML-ID is derived from the location in the model
- Tooling now checks that VODML-ID is correct via a schematron rule, however
 - tooling never “reads” that element value - it always “calculates” it, so the element could be removed from VO-DML schema

VO-DML extension - Natural Keys

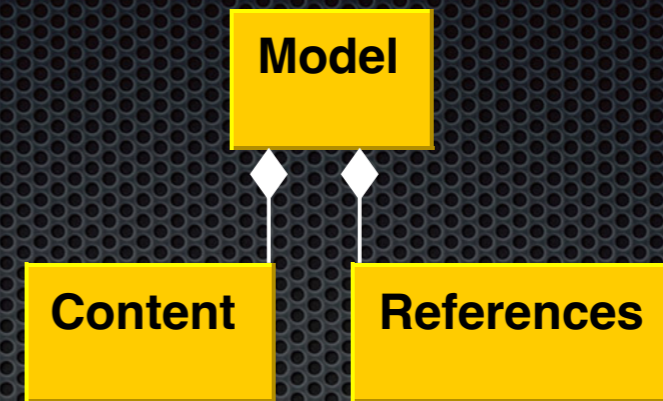
- Object Relational Mapping uses surrogate keys widely - however, in the model it is sometimes better to use a “natural key” i.e. an existing attribute - often the case for the target of “references”.

```
<xsd:complexType name="NaturalKey">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation>
      This constraint is used to indicate that an attribute is a natural key for its owning ObjectType, meaning that the attribute value should be globally unique. This may be applied multiple times to indicate that only a composition of several attributes make the globally unique key.
    </xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Constraint">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element name="Position" type="xsd:positiveInteger">
          <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation>In the case where multiple attribute values make up the natural key, this value indicates the ordinal number of this particular key in the compound key.</xsd:documentation>
          </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:element>
      </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
```


VO-DML Metamodel XML Schema updates

- ✦ aforementioned natural key extension
- ✦ make `<name>` and `<documentationURL>` optional (and deprecated) in the `<import>` as they merely repeat information that is in the imported document
- ✦ Has already happened on the main branch - non-breaking - following the XML schema versioning endorsed note.

Serialisation



- Appendix B in the 1.0 document describes how the model *might* be serialised
- Current tooling attempts to produce a **standard** serialisation for XML and JSON
 - based on the UML above so that a single model instance serialisation will contain both the content and references
 - references that are not otherwise “contained” (see later) are emitted in the references section
 - tooling creates both XML and JSON schema which can be used to validate model instances.
- Proposal is to rewrite Appendix B to make clear that new serialisation is intended for interoperability, and thus “standard”.
- Note that this form of serialisation is more suitable for writing REST web service interfaces for the models than MIVOT.

Serialization 2

XML

```
<ser:myModelModel xmlns:ser="http://ivoa.net/vodml/sample/serialization" >
  <refs>
    <refa _id="id_0">
      <val>a value</val>
    </refa>
    <refb>
      <name>a name</name>
      <val>another val</val>
    </refb>
  </refs>
  <SomeContent>
    <zval>a z val</zval>
    <ref1>id_0</ref1>
    <ref2>a name</ref2>
  </SomeContent>
</ser:myModelModel>
```

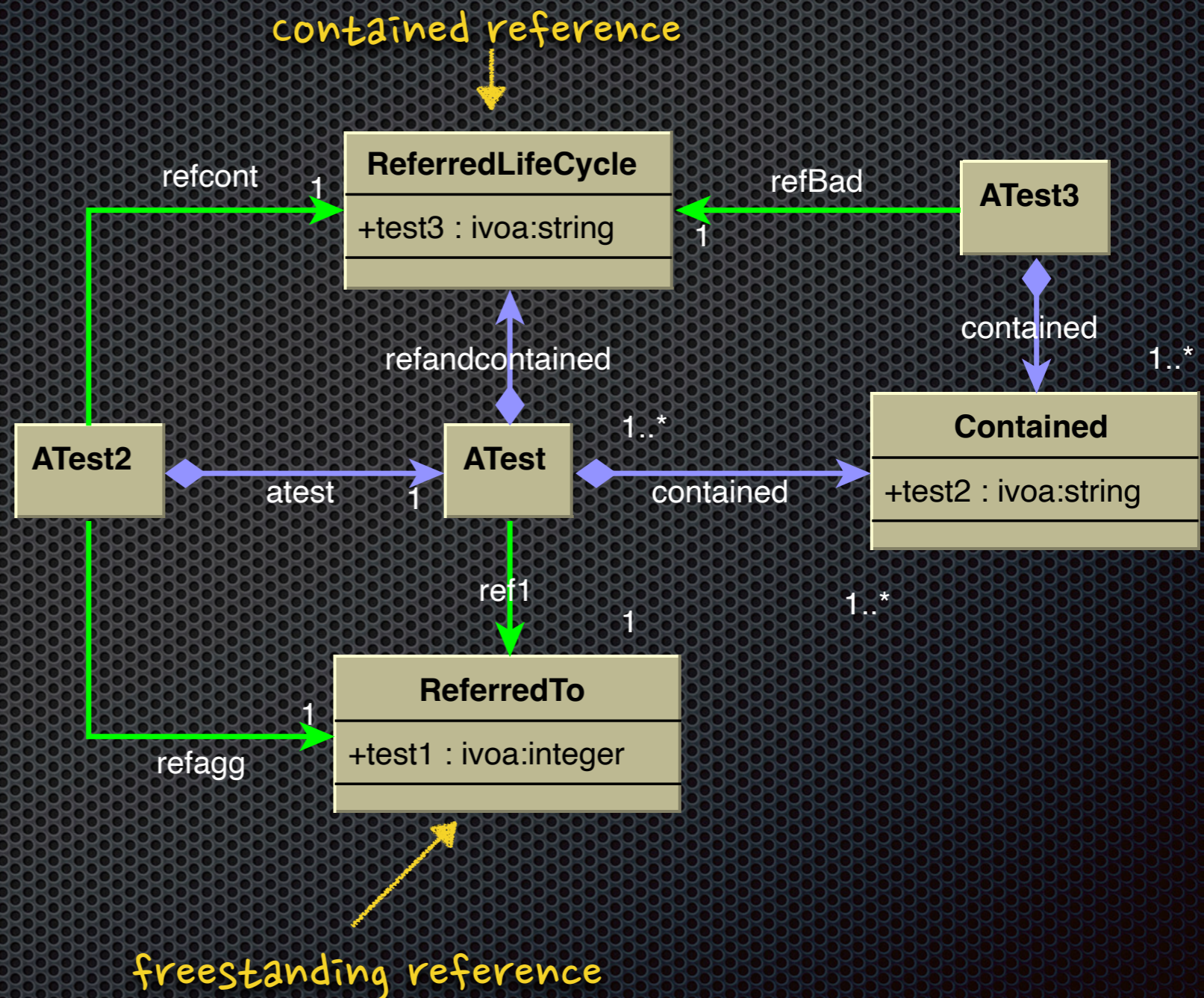
JSON

```
{
  "MyModelModel" : {
    "refs" : {
      "MyModel:Refa" : [ {
        "_id" : 0,
        "val" : "a value"
      } ],
      "MyModel:Refb" : [ {
        "name" : "a name",
        "val" : "another val"
      } ]
    },
    "content" : [ {
      "@type" : "MyModel:SomeContent",
      "zval" : "a z val",
      "ref1" : 0,
      "ref2" : "a name"
    } ]
  }
}
```

- <https://ivoa.github.io/vo-dml/Serialization/>
- note that tooling includes automated round-trip serialisation unit tests against generated schema.

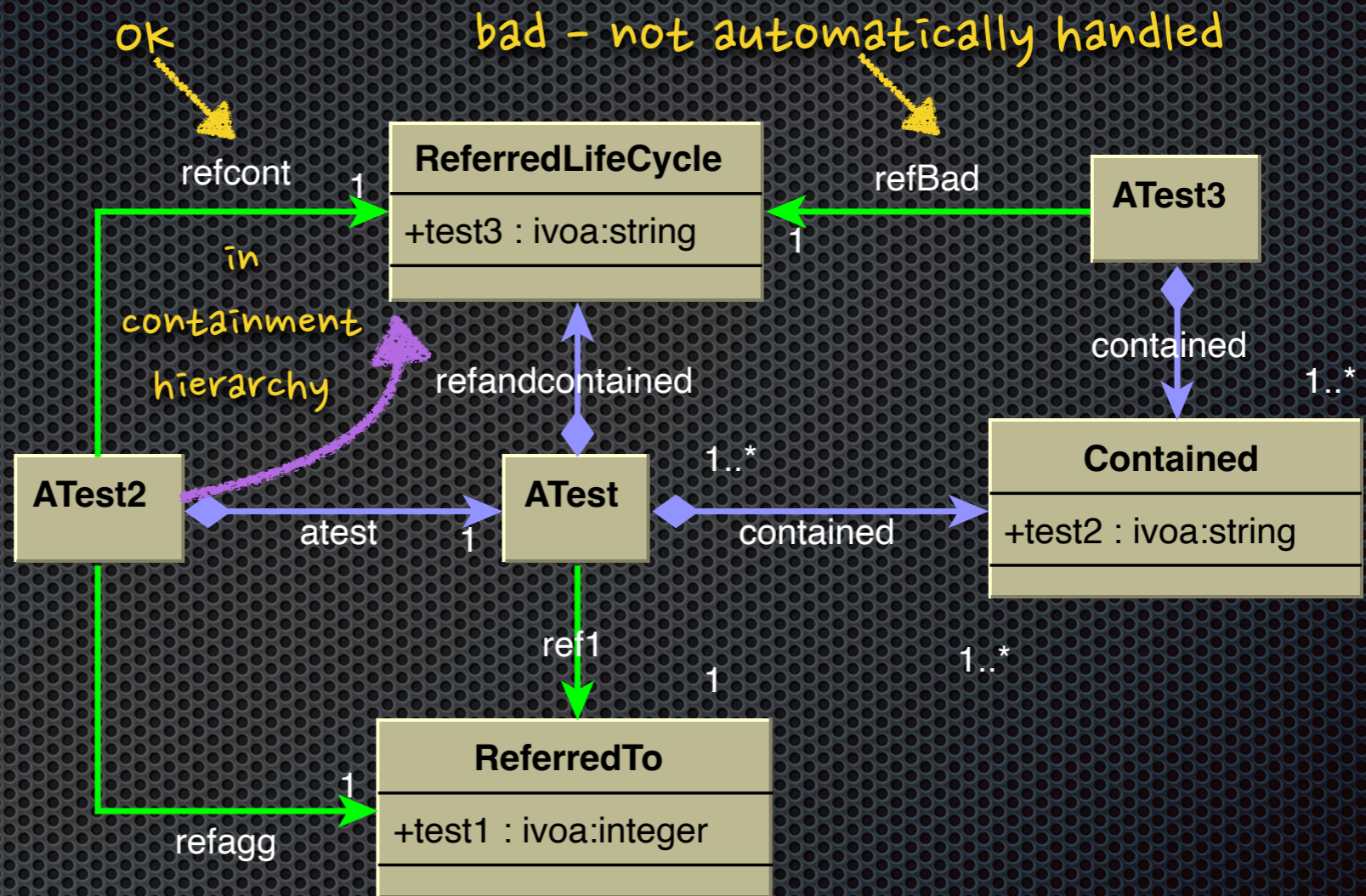
Reference Lifecycle/Containment

- Original tooling/std assumed that references “freestanding” - i.e. lifecycles independent
- In latest tooling references can be “contained” i.e. referenced element can exist as a composition within some parent.



Reference Lifecycle/Containment 2

- tooling will generate Java code that will deal properly with contained references
- schematron rules warn of “dangerous” contained reference use

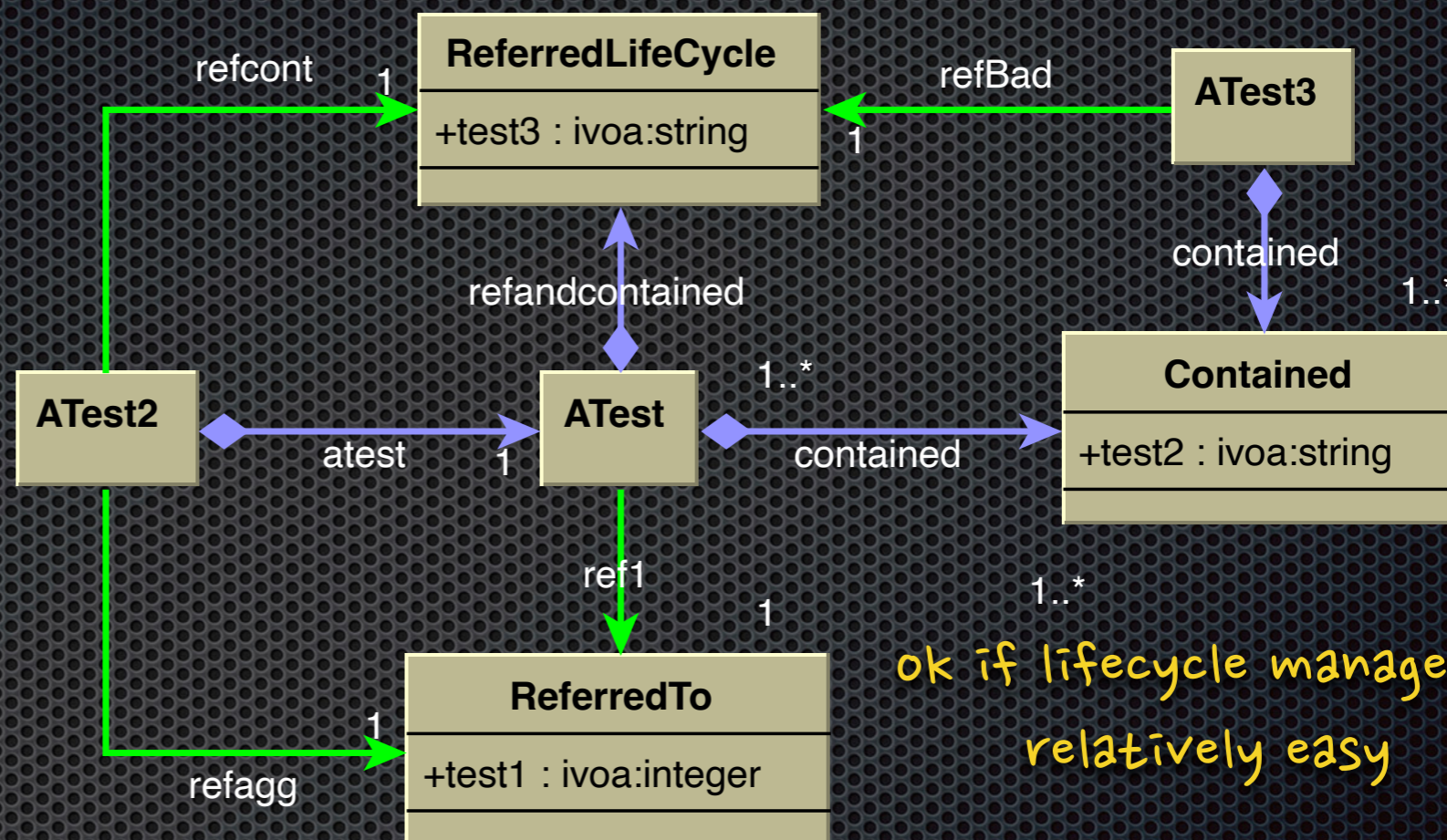


```
failed-assert /Q{http://www.ivoa.net/xml/VODML/v1}model[1]/Q{
objectType[6]/Q{reference[1]
```

```
Reference lifecycleTest:ReferredLifeCycle used in
ATest3.refBad is already use in unrelated composition ATest
which has lifecycle implications (i.e. the reference could
disappear unless code is aware of relationship)
```

Reference Lifecycle/Containment 3

- ✦ Schematron complains with “unique composition rule”
- ✦ however, this is just a warning
- ✦ Wording in Standard probably OK



ok if lifecycle managed - relatively easy

```
failed-assert /Q{http://www.ivoa.net/xml/VODML/v1}
model[1]/Q{}objectType[6]/Q{}composition[1]/Q{}
datatype[1]/Q{}vodml-ref[1]
```

```
objecttype lifecycleTest:Contained is used more than
once, as target of composition relation. In this case for
containing objectType lifecycleTest:ATest3
```

*** (this message will repeat itself 2 times!, once for each different container) ***

IVOA Base Model Additions

- Following on from the serialisation and reference containment discussions it is useful to be able to mark in a model where the intention is to point to an external entity (which cannot be done with references as they are internal)

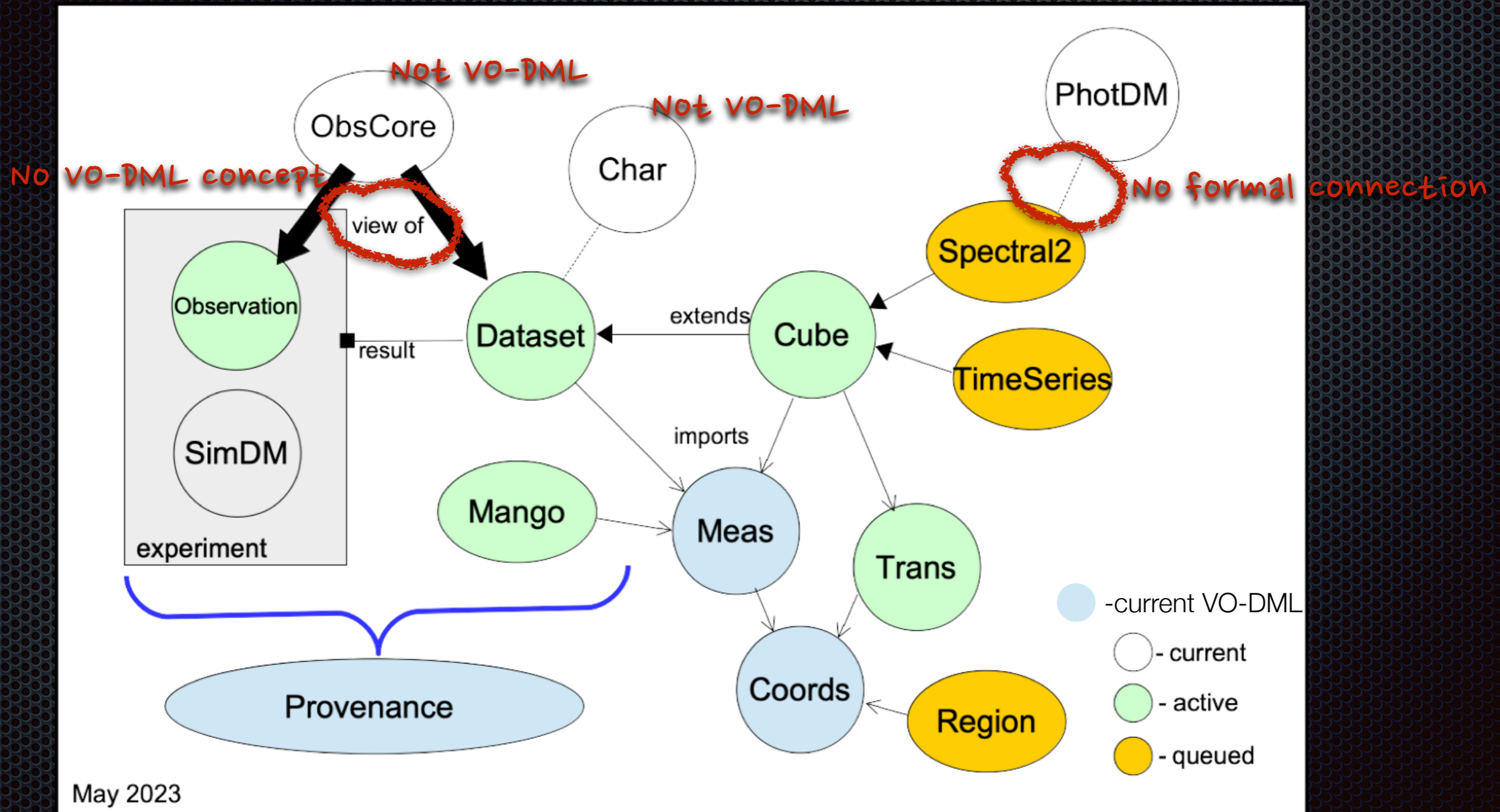
```
primitive intIdentifier -> integer "an integer identifier that can be used as a key for lookup of  
an entity that is *outside this datamodel*"  
primitive stringIdentifier -> string "a string identifier that can be used as a key for lookup of  
an entity that is *outside this datamodel*"  
primitive ivorn -> anyURI "an identifier that can be used as a key to look up in an IVOA registry -  
see https://www.ivoa.net/documents/IVOAIdentifiers/"
```

- This is done on the base update branch

VO-DML 1.2 and beyond

- ✦ Lots of potential ideas/improvements, but have left them out of 1.1 in the hope of speeding up approval of this document.
 - ✦ specifying UCDs
 - ✦ could then automatically create TAP schema/services
 - ✦ concept of Choice/OneOf
 - ✦ some specific simple constraints
 - ✦ e.g greaterThan

DM landscape



May 2023

✦ Taken from Mark C-D's talk last interop

Importance of VO-DML

- Provides rigour in the DM design
 - provides a framework for validating instances.
- Allows real re-use
- Can show up duplication more easily
- There are are growing number ObsCore extensions that do not have a VO-DML basis
 - and ObsCore is widely cited as a “view” on other DMs
 - perhaps we should try to formalise this “view” concept in VO-DML
 - or we have a DM that is not as “simple” as ObsCore

DM concept duplication

Concept

DM

Observatory (Facility)

VOResource, ProposalDM

Instrument

VODataService, ProposalDM, CAOM

Service

VOResource, Mango, Datalink

Data Set

DataSet, VODataService

Observation

ObsCore, ProposalDM

Creator/Curator

VOResource, DataSet

Parameter

PDL, VOTable, UWS, Mango

- Not guaranteed to be an accurate/complete survey, but illustrative
- Sometimes the concept might be intended as a reference
- Note that data models are created 'outside' the DM WG

Other approaches

- ✦ SPASE (Space Physics Archive Search and Extract)
- ✦ NASA PDS
- ✦ These are easier to query - the whole “Domain” is in the one model (or set of non-overlapping models)
 - ✦ No possible ambiguities in concepts
 - ✦ Don't have to try to join together services as with the IVOA
 - ✦ we don't have that luxury - we are a federation

DM rationalization/refactor

- I am trying to facilitate the possibility of trying out some refactoring in <https://github.com/ivoa/DataModelPlayground>
 - note that the volute repository did have more model representations <http://volute.g-vo.org/svn/trunk/projects/dm/vo-dml-org/models/> - but this got sidelined
- Not trying to find a complete normalisation of all models, but it would be good to create a “basis set” with no duplication
 - could feed into the P3T efforts

Personal Vision

- ObsCore has no extensions - remains “core” to all wavelengths/data types - possibly some extra “columns” discovered from new domains - but definitely should not be sparse.
- Registry (or a slight extension of) stores definitive (i.e VO wide) instances of “slowly changing” model elements -e.g. Observatories, Telescopes and Instruments.
- New DM factoring of something at roughly the Characterization/Dataset level, but composed of more smaller reusable sub-models (e.g. CatalogueSource), to be basis of more sophisticated data discovery/manipulation service.
 - perhaps one input to this service could be the DataLink response from the ObsCore discovery